

# DE\* Total Color Difference without the lightness contribution?

**FAQ: “Is there a metric similar to a DE\* but without lightness contribution? So considering change in a\* and b\* only?”**

DE\* is a single-number, total color difference based on CIE L\*, a\* b\* for any illuminant/observer combination.

Total Color Difference  $dE^* = \text{SQRT}((dL^*)^2 + (da^*)^2 + (db^*)^2)$  where  $dL^*$ ,  $da^*$ ,  $db^*$  differences are calculated as product sample - standard values.

Sometimes, there is a need for an overall color difference without the lightness contribution. This is particularly the case when the color is light (high L\* values and significant  $dL^*$  differences) and low chroma (low a\* and b\* values).

In this case,  $dC^*$  might be a more appropriate metric.

$C^* = \text{SQRT}(a^* + b^*)$  indicative of the amount of chroma or color would be calculated for both the product standard and lot color.

$DC^* = (C^*_{std} - C^*_{sam})$  indicative of the overall chroma difference without L\* contribution.

In the Hunter L, a, b color scale,  $dC$ , total chroma difference, can substitute for  $dE$ , total color difference.

